Short Course on Floodplain Management

A Reconnaissance Study on the

Market Impacts on Elevated Homes in Known Floodplains

City of Snoqualmie Case Study

By Ron Throupe, Bob Freitag, Rhonda Montgomery

SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS:

BACKGROUND SNOQUALMIE:

DISCUSSION:

The process of retrofitting, Value added, Perception through time

Return on investment.

Policy Implications

METHODOLOGY:

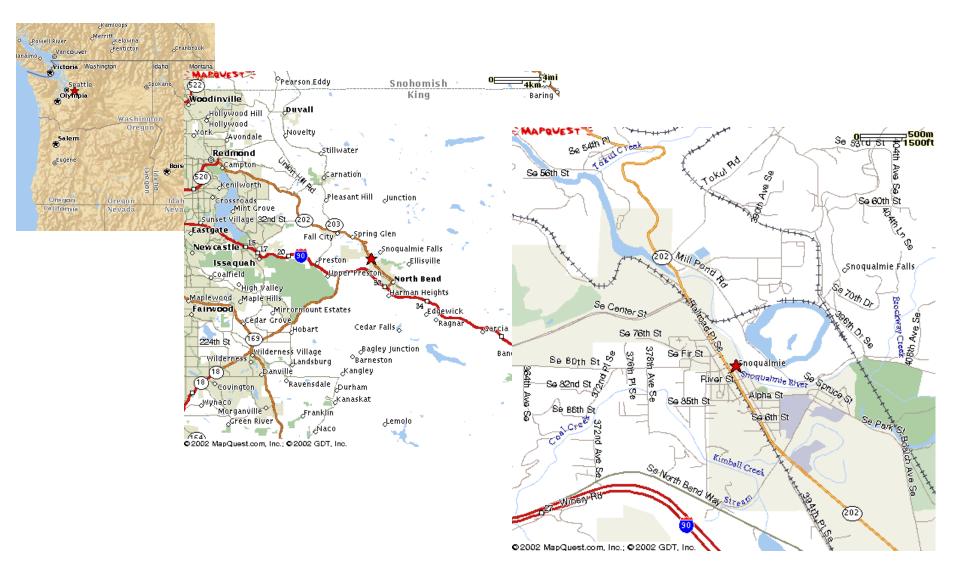
QUESTIONS:

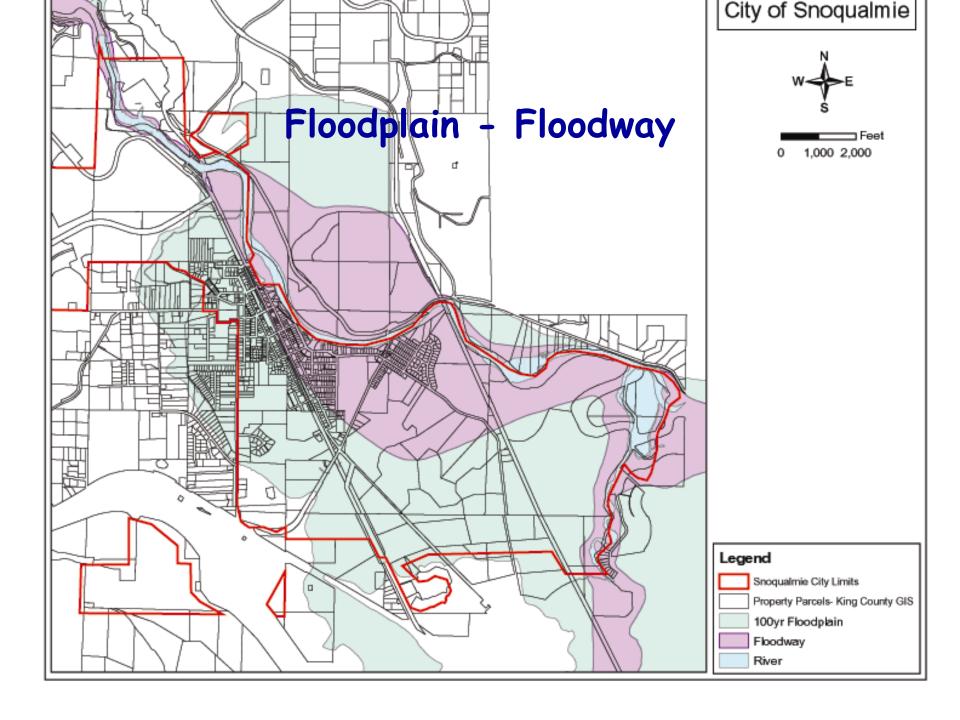
SUMMARY AND CONCLUSLIONS:

What effect does elevating a home have on the selling price and time on market?

- The market price applied a penalty to non- elevated homes within the floodplain. This was reflected in both times on market and on selling price.
- The market price of elevated homes was higher than non-elevated homes with the difference in price ranging 25% to 75% of the cost of the retrofit.

























Value added -- Garage









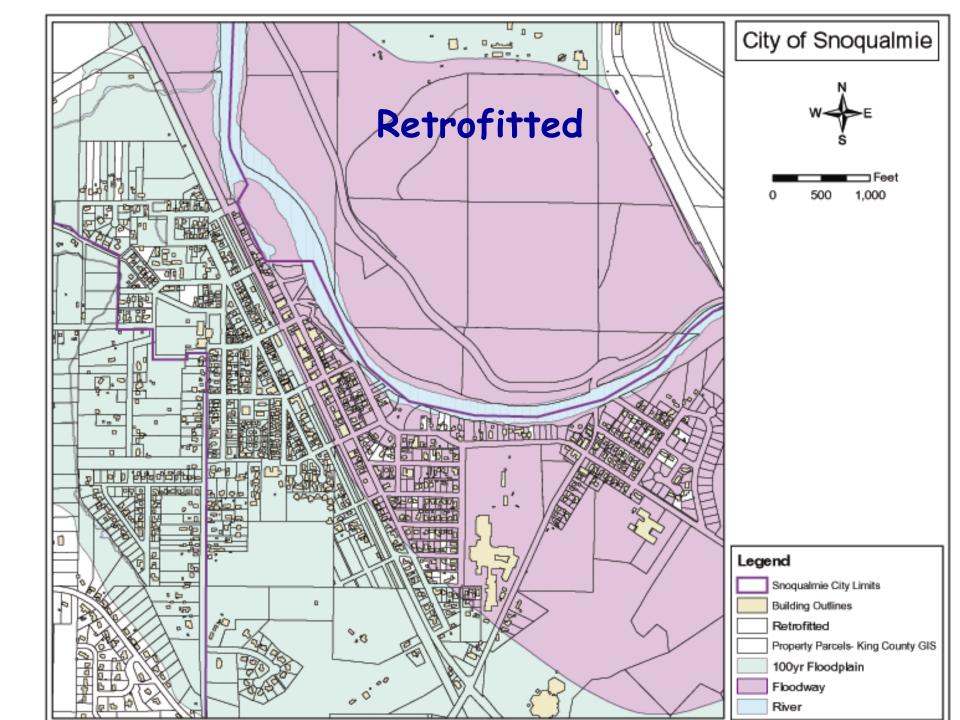




 Value added -- Floor space added above garage/carport.

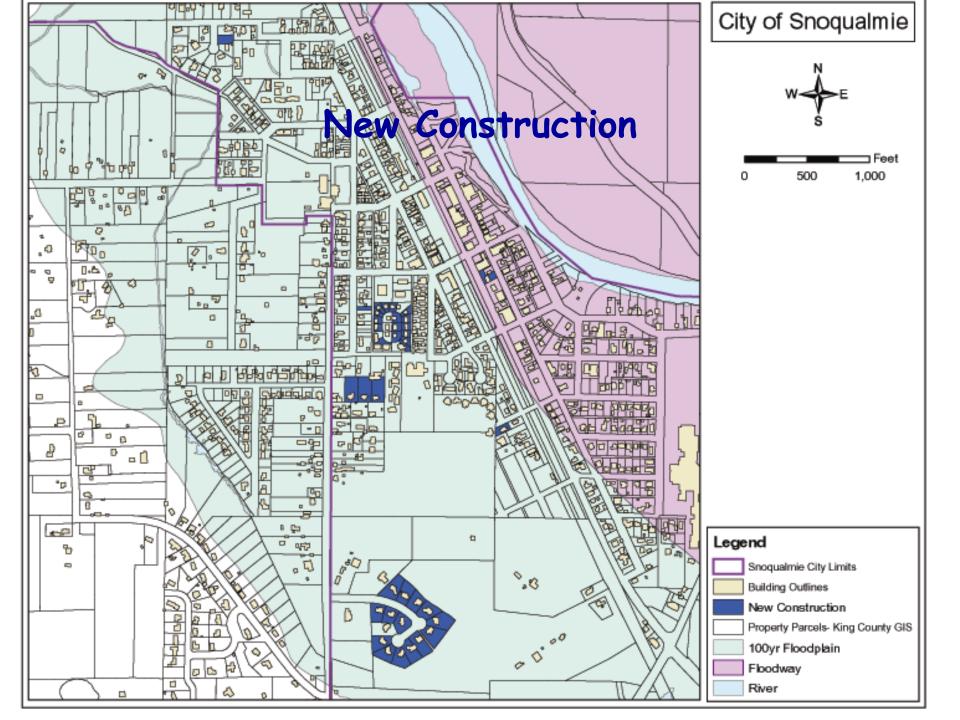




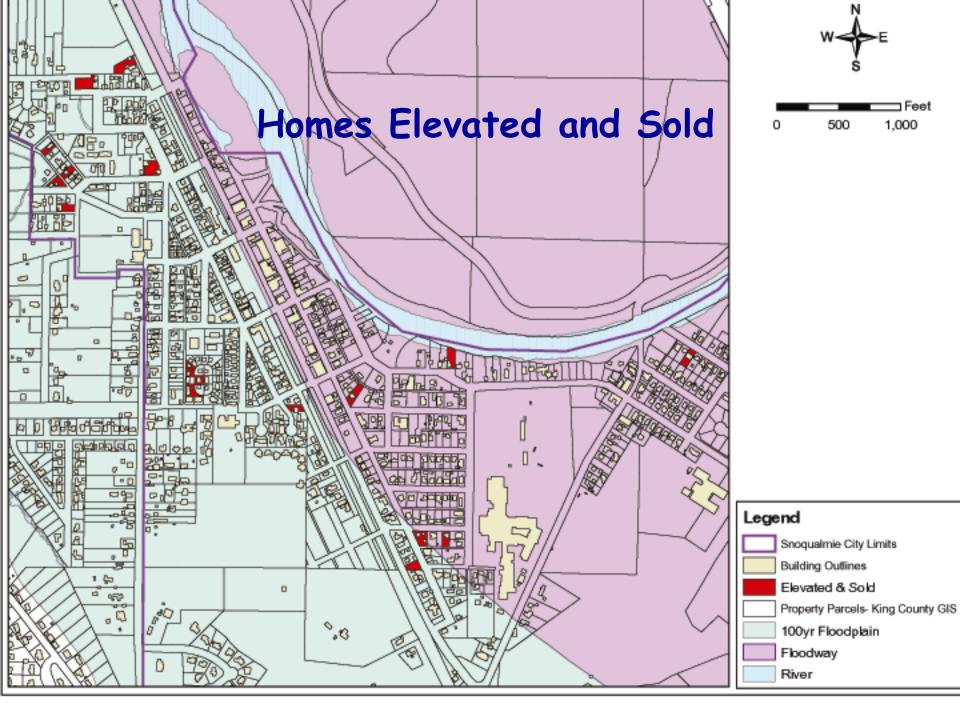


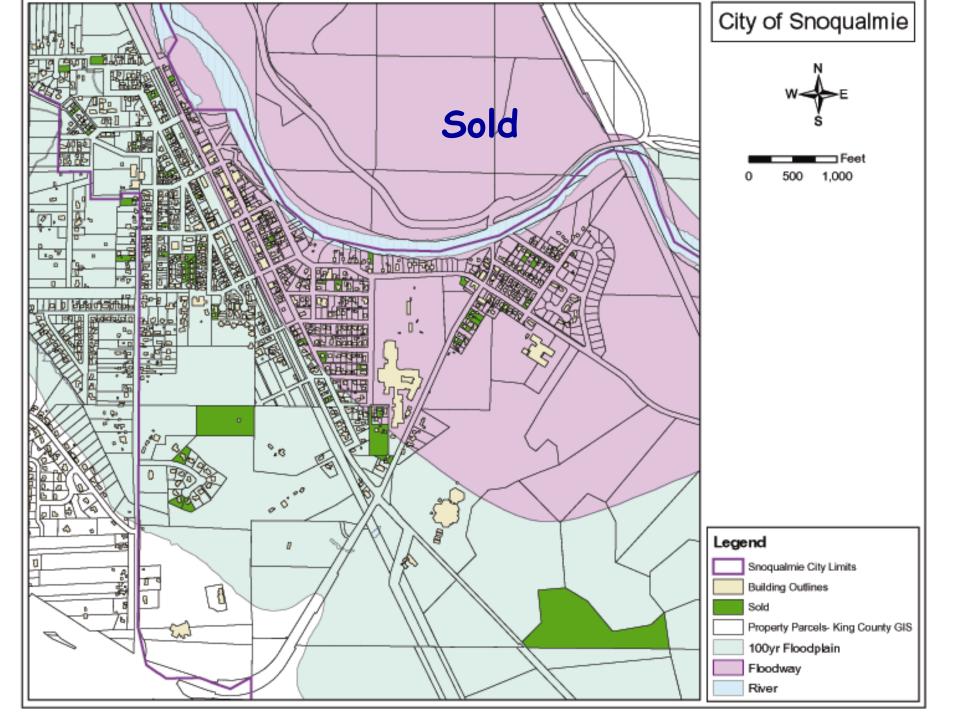
DISCUSSION: Elevation at time of construction





Methodology





The results suggest that:

- ✓ When elevated homes are not perceived as being out of character with the neighborhood
- ✓ Non-elevated flood prone homes are discounted and
- ✓ The cost of the retrofitting approaches the value of the discount from expected market prices.

Questions:

- Is what is experienced in Snoqualmie true for other Riverine floodprone communities - coastal communities?
- When do elevated homes begin to reflect the larger nonfloodprone community - are there significant benchmarks, what factors are involved.
- What factors are considered by buyers sellers?
- What affect do appraisers have?
- What affect do real estate agents have?
- Buyer and seller perceptions?

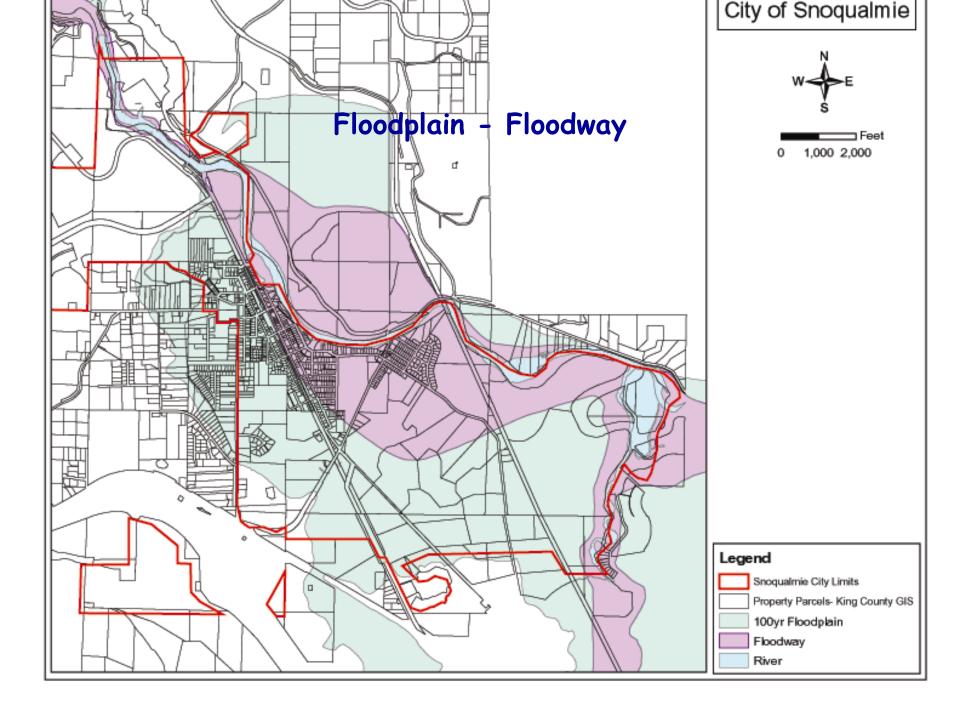
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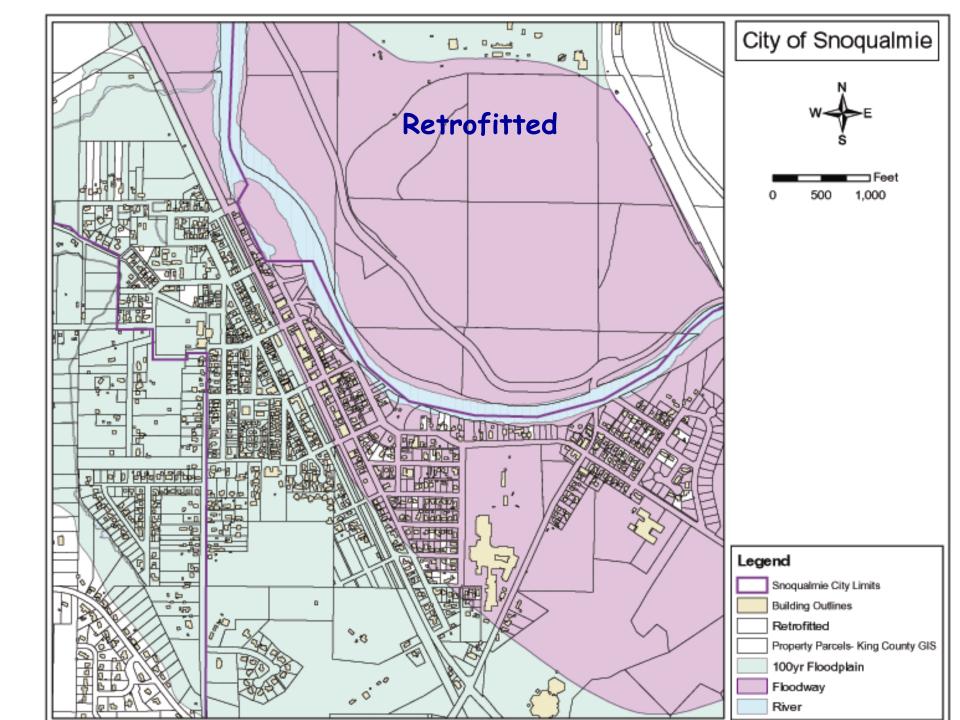
The Bottom Line

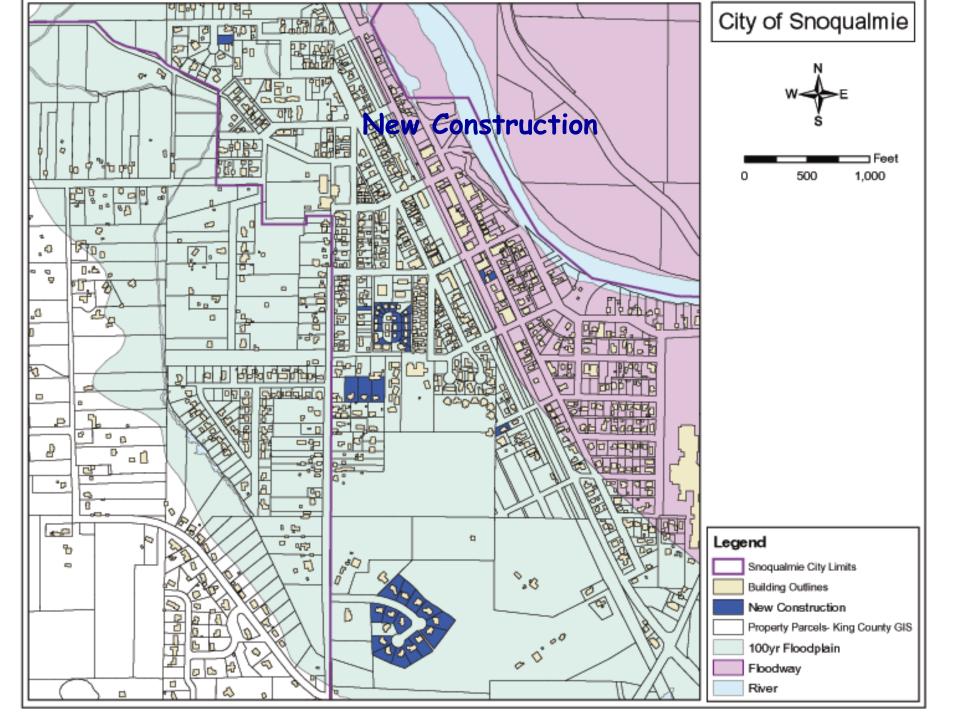
- The dollar value of home elevation reflected in the market is 50% of the average cost of elevation in today's dollars.
- If a home cost \$35,000 in today's dollars to elevate a home,
- The home would return on average \$17,463 dollars in a market value adjustment.
- Most of the homeowners elevated their homes through HMGP funds and were required to pay between 12.5 and 25 percent of the cost of elevation.
- Conclusion elevation is a sound investment for the property owner.

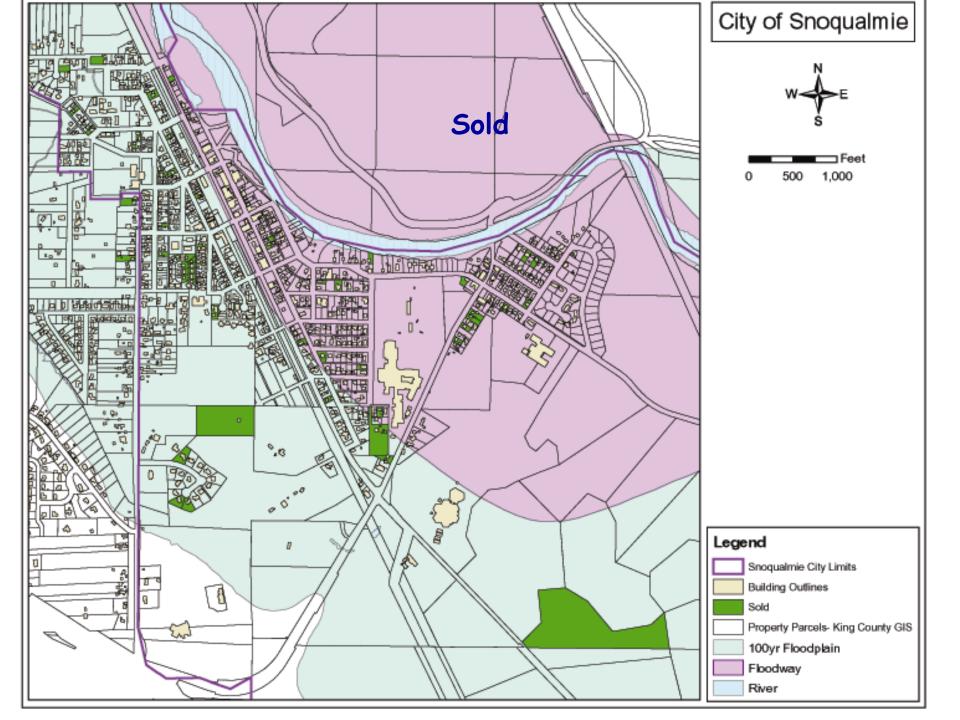




 Non elevated, elevated and new elevated homes.







- · History of flood events
- Participates in the National Flood Insurance Program, NFIP
- Hazard Mitigation Grant program, HMGP
- Flood Mitigation Assistance Program, FMAP
- State sponsorships

Literature

- Flood zone discounts
- Knowledge of buyers of the floodplain
- · Flood risk vs. actual flooding

Preliminary Research

- Value added
- Elevations perception
- Market acceptance
- Public Policy implications

- Data
 Sales data from Jan 1998 to June 2002
- · 240 sales
- · Reduced sample, Ridge Community
- · Tom
- Elevation variable

Rational Market Prices			
A	В	С	
Non floodplain home	Floodplain home Pre FIRM, <u>not</u> <u>elevated</u>	Floodplain home Pre FIRM, <u>elevated</u>	
Cost bases market price of home = \$195,500 (145/sq.ft)	Cost bases market price = \$191,000 ("A" - Cost of Flood Insurance or (195,500 - 4,500))	Cost Bases Market Price = 194,000 ("A" - Cost of Flood Insurance or (195,500 - 1,500))	
	(\$360/Yr for 30yrs at 7% = \$4,500)	(\$120/Yr for 30yrs at 7% = \$1,500)	

Market Prices Adjusted by Reconnaissance Study Results.

A	В	С	
Non floodplain home	Floodplain home Pre FIRM, <u>not</u> <u>elevated</u>	Floodplain home Pre FIRM, <u>elevated</u>	
Cost bases market price of home = (\$195,500) (C * cost of Flood Insurance)	Cost bases market price of home = \$177,000 ("A" - Cost of Flood Insurance - perception of risk)	Cost bases market price of home = \$194,000 ("A" - Cost of Flood Insurance - perception risk + betterments)	
(194,000 + 1.500)	(\$194,000 - \$17,000 = \$177,000)	(\$120/Yr for 30yrs at 7% = \$1, 500)	

Results

- \$17,463 value for elevation
- Represents approx 50% of costs to elevate

Policy Implications

The state and federal agencies that support floodplain management can learn from this investigation in several ways.

- They can be confident that the moneys spent on elevation created usable dwellings.
- The sales price gain from elevation is within the cost of construction.
- The State of Washington is prevented from providing public investment for private gain. The community at large benefits and it represents a sound investment for the federal government lowering future insurance claims and demands on FEMA personnel.
- Coordination of federal and state programs to expedite elevation may be warranted. Although this has been a successful program in Snoqualmie, less than 15% of the homes affected have been elevated.

Further Study

- Additional communities
- Buyers depth of knowledge
- · investigation of value added